The 14 Courts Of Appeals Districts Summary of Recommendations - House

Pages IV-7 through IV-23
The Honorable Jeff Rose, Chair, Council of Chief Justices
George Dziuk, LBB Analyst

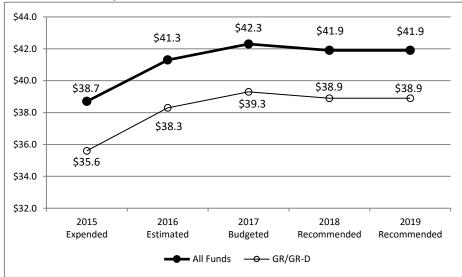
Method of Financing	2016-17 Base	2018-19 Recommended	Biennial Change (\$)	Biennial Change (%)
General Revenue Funds	\$77,632,857	\$77,816,857	\$184,000	0.2%
GR Dedicated Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.0%
Total GR-Related Funds	<i>\$77,632,857</i>	<i>\$77,816,857</i>	\$184,000	0.2%
Federal Funds	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$0	0.0%
Other	\$5,964,042	\$5,962,486	(\$1,556)	(0.0%)
All Funds	\$83,596,899	\$83,779,343	\$182,444	0.2%

	FY 2017	FY 2019	Biennial	Percent
	Budgeted	Recommended	Change	Change
FTEs	417.5	413.5	(4.0)	(1.0%)

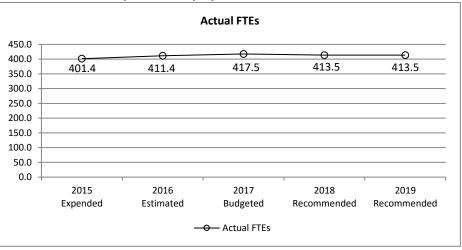
The bill patterns for these courts (2018-19 Recommended) represent the following percentages for each of the courts' estimated total available funds.

First Court of Appeals District, Houston 92.1%	Eighth Court of Appeals District, El Paso 93.9%
Second Court of Appeals District, Fort Worth 92%	Ninth Court of Appeals District, Beaumont 95%
Third Court of Appeals District, Austin 91.3%	Tenth Court of Appeals District, Waco 98.1%
Fourth Court of Appeals District, San Antonio 90.4%	Eleventh Court of Appeals District, Eastland 95.7%
Fifth Court of Appeals District, Dallas 95%	Twelfth Court of Appeals District, Tyler 95%
Sixth Court of Appeals District, Texarkana 95.1%	Thirteenth Court of Appeals District, Corpus Christi-Edinburg 98.4%
Seventh Court of Appeals District, Amarillo 92.4%	Fourteenth Court of Appeals District, Houston 92.3%

Historical Funding Levels (Millions)



Historical Full-Time-Equivalent Employees (FTEs)



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The 14 Courts Of Appeals Districts Summary of Funding Changes and Recommendations - House

Funding Changes and Recommendations for the 2018-19 Biennium compared to the 2016-17 Base Spending Level (in millions)		GR-Dedicated	Federal Funds	Other Funds	All Funds	Strategy in Appendix A
SIGNIFICANT Funding Changes and Recommendations (each issue is explained in Section 3 and additional de	tails are provide	d in Appendix A)	:			
Maintain \$3.1 million in General Revenue and 24.5 FTEs that were included in the courts' 4 percent reduction to enable the courts to continue to process cases and reduce pending caseloads at 2016-17 levels.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	A.1.1
OTHER Funding Changes and Recommendations (these issues are not addressed in Section 3 but details are p	rovided in Appe	ndix A):				
B) Maintain the 12th Court of Appeals, Tyler at 2016-17 appropriated levels by including operational funds that were lapsed in 2016-17.	\$0.2	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0.2	A.1.1
TOTAL SIGNIFICANT & OTHER Funding Changes and Recommendations (in millions)	\$0.2	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0.2	As Listed
SIGNIFICANT & OTHER Funding Increases	\$0.2	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0.2	As Listed
SIGNIFICANT & OTHER Funding Decreases	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	As Listed

Courts Of Appeals 2/6/2017

The 14 Courts of Appeals Districts Selected Fiscal and Policy Issues - House

- 1. **Appellate Court Operations:** Recommendations continue \$3.1 million in General Revenue with authority for 24.5 FTEs for the Appellate Court Operations strategies for the 14 Courts of Appeals to maintain the court's clearance rates at or above 100 percent. This includes continuing the Twelfth Court of Appeals, Tyler, at 2016–17 appropriated levels by including operational funds that were lapsed in 2016–17. The four percent reduction would have included the following:
 - 1) 13 staff attorneys
 - 2) Transitioning 1 staff attorney from a full-time to a part-time position
 - 3) 2 Deputy Clerks

- 4) Transitioning 2 deputy clerks from full-time to part-time positions
- 5) 4 Administrative positions
- 6) 4 Law Clerk positions
- 2. 14 Courts of Appeals Caseloads and Clearance Rates: The number of cases filed amongst the 14 Courts of Appeals has been steadily declining, resulting in a 10 percent decrease in new cases added since fiscal year 2012. Over that same time period, the Courts of Appeals' case dispositions have decreased by 7.4 percent and pending caseloads have also been decreasing by approximately 16 percent. This correlates with aggregate clearance rate data for the 14 Courts of Appeals showing that more cases were disposed than added each fiscal year 2013. A clearance rate measures the number of cases disposed as a percentage of filings during a reporting period. A clearance rate of 100 percent indicates that the court disposed of the same number of cases during the year as were added, resulting in no change to the court's case backlog. Average time to disposition amongst the 14 Courts of Appeals remained steady over this same time period.

In addition, the Courts of Appeals have seen increases among the following types of cases:

- Pro se litigant cases; cases where a person represents himself or herself in court;
- A 47 percent increase since fiscal year 2007 in accelerated cases that statute requires be resolved within 6 months. This caseload represented 25 percent of the 9,333 new cases filed in fiscal year 2016;
- A 202 percent increase since fiscal year 2007 in parental termination cases with an expedited appeal that statute requires be resolved within 6 months; and
- The number of petitions for a Writ of Mandamus; these writs are orders from a superior court to a lower court commanding that court or official perform or refrain from a specific act.

	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 (Estimated)	% Change 2012-2016	% Change 2015-2016
New Cases Filed	10,416	9,964	9,597	9,277	9,346	(10.3%)	0.7%
Cases Disposed	11,709	11,498	11,549	11,189	10,848	(7.4%)	(3.0%)
Cases Pending	7,929	7,698	7,294	6,750	6,673	(15.8%)	(1.1%)
Clearance Rate	98.2%	102.2%	104.0%	105.2%	103.5%	N/A	N/A
Average Time to Disposition (months)	8.2	8.7	8.6	8.4	8.1	(1.2%)	(3.6%)
All Funds Expenditures	\$32,890,078	34,000,887	\$37,515,826	\$38,726,615	\$41,316,652	26.6%	6.7%

Notes:

Source: Office of Court Administration

[.] The Courts of Appeals report clearance rates separately to the Legislative Budget Board as a performance measure, however the Office of Court Administration provides aggregated 14 Courts of Appeals caseload data in its Annual Statistical Report.

^{2.} Cases Disposed and Cases Pending may contain cases that were filed in prior fiscal years.

Section 3

3. **Judicial Compensation Commission**: The Judicial Compensation Commission is recommending a 10.2 percent increase in judicial salaries for the 2018–19 biennium. This would increase the state salary of a Court of Appeals Justice from \$154,000 to \$169,708 and a Chief Justice of a Court of Appeals from \$156,500 to \$172,208. The most recent judicial salary adjustment was a 12 percent increase in the 2014–15 biennium for judge and prosecutor positions linked to district judge pay totaling \$34.8 million across the 2014–15 biennium.

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The 14 Courts of Appeals Districts Rider Highlights - House

10th Court of Appeals District, Waco

Deleted Riders

2. **Unexpended Balance Authority:** Recommendations delete the rider, but continue \$100,000 in General Revenue appropriations for the court's facilities relocation in the 2018–19 biennium.

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The 14 Courts of Appeals Districts Items Not Included in Recommendations - House

	2018	2018-19 Biennial Total				
	GR & GR-D	All Funds	FTEs	Information Technology Involved?	Contracting	Estimated Continued Cost 2020-22
Court Exceptional Items - In Court Priority Order						
None						
TOTAL Items Not Included in Recommendations	\$0	\$0	-			\$0

Courts Of Appeals 2/6/2017

The 14 Courts of Appeals Districts Appendices - House

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^{*} Appendix is not included - no significant information to report

 $[\]ensuremath{^{**}}$ Information is included in the presentation section of the packet

The 14 Court of Appeals Districts
Funding Changes and Recommendations - House, by Strategy -- ALL FUNDS

Strategy/Goal	2016-17 Base	2018-19 Recommended	Biennial Change	% Change	
Metropolitan Courts					
First Court of Appeals District, Houston					
APPELLATE COURT OPERATIONS A.1.1	\$9,426,336	\$9,411,254	(\$15,082)	(0.2%	All Funds recommendations for the 14 Courts of Appeals differ from 2016-17 levels due to adjustments to Appropriated Receipts and Interagency Contracts.
					Recommendations continue \$3.1 million in General Revenue funding for all 14 Courts of Appeals at 2016-17 levels to maintain the court's clearance rates at or above 100 percent (see also, Selected Fiscal and Policy Issues - House #1)
Fifth Court of Appeals District, Dallas					
APPELLATE COURT OPERATIONS A.1.1	\$12,867,498	\$12,867,498	\$0	0.0%	
Fourteenth Court of Appeals District, Houston					
APPELLATE COURT OPERATIONS A.1.1	\$9,694,261	\$9 , 677 , 544	(\$16 , 717)	(0.2%	
All Other Courts of Appeals					
Second Court of Appeals District, Fort Worth					
APPELLATE COURT OPERATIONS A.1.1	\$7,278,295	\$7,282,579	\$4,284	0.1%	
Third Court of Appeals District, Austin					
APPELLATE COURT OPERATIONS A.1.1	\$6,112,724	\$6,122,008	\$9,284	0.2%	
Fourth Court of Appeals District, San Antonio					
APPELLATE COURT OPERATIONS A.1.1	\$7,254,325	\$7,261,358	\$7,033	0.1%	
Sixth Court of Appeals District, Texarkana					
APPELLATE COURT OPERATIONS A.1.1 Seventh Court of Appeals District, Amarillo	\$3,324,923	\$3,321,923	(\$3,000)	(0.1%	

\$4,144,212

\$3,375,934

(\$2,085)

\$7,443

(0.1%)

0.2%

\$4,146,297

\$3,368,491

APPELLATE COURT OPERATIONS A.1.1

APPELLATE COURT OPERATIONS A.1.1

Eighth Court of Appeals District, El Paso

The 14 Court of Appeals Districts
Funding Changes and Recommendations - House, by Strategy -- ALL FUNDS

	Strategy/Goal	2016-17 Base	2018-19 Recommended	Biennial Change	% Change	Comments
Ninth Court of Appeals District, Bea	· · ·	2400	Note: Indiana	Giraingo	G. G. G.	
APPEL	LATE COURT OPERATIONS A.1.1	\$4,150,597	\$4,150,597	\$0	0.0%	
Tenth Court of Appeals District, Was	co					
APPEL	LATE COURT OPERATIONS A.1.1	\$3,429,210	\$3,429,210	\$0	0.0%	
Eleventh Court of Appeals District, I	Eastland					
APPEL	LATE COURT OPERATIONS A.1.1	\$3,327,950	\$3,327,950	\$0	0.0%	
Twelfth Court of Appeals District, T	yler					
APPEL	LATE COURT OPERATIONS A.1.1	\$3,134,153	\$3,316,153	\$182,000		recommendations continue funding for the Twelfth Court of Appeals at 2016-17 appropriated levels by including operational funds that were lapsed in 2016-17
Thirteenth Court of Appeals District,	Corpus Christi-Edinburg					
APPEL	LATE COURT OPERATIONS A.1.1	\$6,081,839	\$6,091,123	\$9,284	0.2%	
	Total, LBB Recommendations	\$83,596,899	\$83,779,343	\$182,444	0.2%	

The 14 Courts Of Appeals Districts FTE Highlights - House

Full-Time-Equivalent Positions	Expended 2015	Estimated 2016	Budgeted 2017	Recommended 2018	Recommended 2019
Сар	413.7	429.7	429.7	413.5	413.5
Actual/Budgeted	401.4	411.4	417.5	NA	NA

Schedule of Exempt Positions (Cap)					
Chief Justice (1)	\$156,500	\$156,500	\$156,500	\$156,500	\$156,500
Justice (8)	\$154,000	\$1 <i>54</i> , 000	\$154,000	\$154,000	\$1 <i>54</i> , 000

Notes:

a) The 14 Courts of Appeals are exempted from Article IX, Section 6.10, which limits the number of FTEs paid from appropriated funds to the amounts specified in the General Appropriations Act.

b) FTE recommended amounts reflect amounts requested by the 14 Courts of Appeals for the 2018-19 biennium which are 4.0 FTEs lower than fiscal year 2017 amounts.

The 14 Courts Of Appeals Districts Summary of Ten Percent Biennial Base Reduction Options - House

			Biennial R	eduction Amo	unts				
Court	Priority	ltem	Description/Impact	GR & GR-D	All Funds	FTEs	Potential Revenue Loss	Reduction as % of Program GR/GR-D Total	Included in Introduced Bill?
1 st		1 Reduce Legal and Non-Legal Staff Positions	The reduction would eliminate three staff attorney positions, two law clerk positions, one administrative assistant position, and one deputy clerk position. Reduction would impact the Court's case processing and clearance rates, and would contribute to a backlog in case dispositions. An alternative option would be an an across-the-board salary reduction. This would drop staff salaries below those of other comparable positions in both the public and private sectors.	\$841,167	\$841,167		\$0	10%	No
2nd		1 Reduce Legal and Non-Legal Staff Positions	The reduction would eliminate two staff attorney positions, two legal secretary positions, and one deputy clerk position. This reduction would result in a 21 percent decrease in the Court's permanent legal staff, a 40 percent reduction in the Court's upper-level administrative staff, and a 29 percent reduction in the clerk's office staff. This would result in greater difficulty in managing the court's accelerated cases and would contribute to a larger number of pending cases.	\$646,318	\$646,318	5.0	\$0	10%	No
3rd		1 Reduce Two Staff Attorney Positions	The reduction would eliminate two staff attorney positions representing 12 percent of the Court's legal staff. The court anticipates that this would result in a decrease in the Court's Clearance Rate to 80 percent and would create a case backlog.	\$271,786	\$271,786		\$0	5%	No
3rd		2 Reduce Two Staff Attorney Positions	The reduction would eliminate two staff attorney positions. The court anticipates that this reduction would result in a decrease in the court's clearance rate to 70 percent and an increase in the time for which a case remains pending.	\$271,786	\$271,786	2.0	\$0	5%	No
4th		1 Reclassify Seven Staff Attorney Positions	The reduction would reclassify seven staff attorney positions to a lower position category, with a corresponding decrease in salary. The court anticipates this would reduce the court's clearance rate below 90 percent and increase the time for which an appeal remains pending.	\$646.009	\$646.009		\$0	10%	No
5th		1 Reduce Legal and Non-Legal Staff Positions	The reduction would eliminate five staff attorney positions, one administrative assistant position, and two deputy clerk positions. This represents 15.87% of the court's legal staff, 20.00% of the court's administrative staff, and 22.22% of the court's clerical staff. This would result in the court falling below a 2:1 lawyer-to-judge ratio and would cause the court's clearance rate to decrease and would increase the number of cases pending after one year by 18 percent.	\$1,158,460	\$1,158,460	8.0	\$0	10%	No
6th		1 Reduce One Staff Attorney Position	The reduction would eliminate a staff attorney position. The court anticipates this would contribute to a backlog in case dispositions, increase the court's docket with pending cases, and lower its clearance rate from 90 to 80 percent.	\$210,000	\$210,000	1.0	\$0		No
6th		2 Reduce One Support Staff Position	The reduction would eliminate one support staff. The court anticipates this would increase the length of time required for the court to process an appeal and would affect the court's clearance rate.	\$90,386	\$90,386		\$0		No
7th	3	1 Reduce Two Unidentified Positions	The reduction would eliminate two unidentified positions resulting in a decrease in the court's clearance rate and an increase in the backlog of cases	\$373,057	\$373,057	2.0	\$0	10%	No

The 14 Courts Of Appeals Districts Summary of Ten Percent Biennial Base Reduction Options - House

			Ţ	Biennial Reduction Amounts					
Court	Priority	ltem	Description/Impact	GR & GR-D	All Funds	FTEs	Potential Revenue Loss	Reduction as % of Program GR/GR-D Total	Included in Introduced Bill?
			The reduction would eliminate two staff attorney positions. The court anticipates this would						
			create additional case backlogs and reduce the timeliness and efficiency in the disposition of						No
8th		1 Reduce Two Staff Attorney Positions	appeals.	\$300,003	\$300,003	2.0	\$0	10%	
			The reduction would eliminate 2.5 unidentified positions. The court anticipates this would						No
9th		1 Reduce 2.5 Unidentified Positions	negatively impact its disposition rate and result in a backlog of cases.	\$373,382	\$373,382	2.5	\$0	10%	140
			The reduction would significantly reduce funding budgeted by the court for relocation or						No
10th		1 Reduce Renovation/Relocation Budget	remodeling of the court's facilities.	\$154,959	\$154,959		\$0	5%	140
			The reduction would eliminate funding budgeted by the court for relocation or remodeling of						No
10th		2 Eliminate Renovation/Relocation Budget	the court's facilities.	\$27,630	\$27,630		\$0	1%	INO
10th		3 Reduce Legal and Non-Legal Staff Positions	The reduction would eliminate a staff attorney position and a deputy clerk position that are currently unfilled.	\$110,000	\$110,000	1.0	\$0	3%	No
		o Rodoto 10gar ana 1 ton 10gar otan 1 toniono	The reduction would reduce the bailiff from part-time coverage to approximately $1/4$ of this	¥110,000	Ψ110,000	2.0	70	0,0	
10th		4 Reduce Bailiff Coverage	position's normal hours.	\$17,329	\$17,329	0.2	\$0	1%	No
		- Nousse Jamin Gorerage	The reduction would eliminate two unidentified positions and would reduce the court's law	ψ17,023	ψ17,025	0.2	40	1,70	
		Reduce Two Unidentified Positions and Reduce Legal	library, research materials, and online research access. The court anticipates this would						No
11th		1 Reference Material and Online Research Access	reduce dispositions and increase the time for which appeals remain pending.	\$300.197	\$300.197	2.0	\$0	10%	
			The reduction would eliminate two staff attorney positions. The court anticipates this would	, ,	, , -	-	, ,		No
12th		1 Reduce Two Staff Attorney Positions	negatively impact clearance rates and contribute to a backlog in case dispositions.	\$282,168	\$282,168	2.0	\$0	9%	
			The reduction would eliminate 1.5 staff attorney positions. This would result in a reduction in the disposition of appeals decreasing the court's clearance rate to 80 percent, and increase the time for which appeals remain pending during the biennium.	\$270.399	\$270,399	1.5	\$0		No
13th		1 Reduce Staff Attorney Positions	the time for which appeals remain penaing during the bienhium.	\$270,399	\$270,399	1.5	\$0	5%	
13th		2 Reduce Staff Attorney Positions	The reduction would eliminate 1.5 staff attorney positions. This would result in a reduction in the disposition of appeals decreasing the court's clearance rate to 80 percent, and increase the time for which appeals remain pending during the biennium.	\$270,400	\$270.400	1.5	\$0	5%	No
			The reduction would eliminate three staff attorney positions, two law clerk positions, and one	ψ <u>ε</u> , σ, τ σσ	ψ <u>υ</u> , σ, που	1.5	, , ,	370	
			administrative assistant position. This would result in a decrease in the court's dispositions,						No
			negatively impact the clearance rate, and increase the pending caseload. Alternatively, the						140
14th		1 Reduce Legal and Non-Legal Staff Positions	court could implement across-the-board salary reductions.	\$842,281	\$842,281	6.0	\$0	10%	
TOTAL.	10% Reduc	ction Options		\$841,167	\$841,167		\$0		

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