



## House Recommendations, by Method of Finance

Method of Finance (In Millions)	2020–21	2022–23	Biennial Change	% Change
General Revenue Funds	\$114,947.8	\$119,753.9	\$4,806.1	4.2%
General Revenue–Dedicated Funds	\$6,532.3	\$6,307.9	(\$224.4)	(3.4%)
Federal Funds	\$99,446.0	\$85,533.2	(\$13,912.8)	(14.0%)
Other Funds	\$43,878.3	\$39,882.9	(\$3,995.4)	(9.1%)
ALL FUNDS	\$264,804.4	\$251,477.9	(\$13,326.5)	(5.0%)

# **General Revenue Funds, by Article**

Article	2020–21	2022–23	\$ Change	% Change
1 – General Gov't	\$3,977.4	\$4,110.1	\$132.7	3.3%
2 - Health/Human Services	\$35,914.4	\$36,668.3	\$753.9	2.1%
3 – Public Education	\$44,561.5	\$48,640.2	\$4,078.7	9.2%
3 – Higher Education	\$15,841.3	\$15,890.4	\$49.2	0.3%
4 – Judiciary	\$553.8	\$545.5	(\$8.4)	(1.5%)
5 - Public Safety/Criminal Justice	\$11,869.5	\$11,807.2	(\$62.3)	(0.5%)
6 - Natural Resources	\$933.1	\$916.9	(\$16.2)	(1.7%)
7 – Business/Econ Development	\$520.9	\$477.8	(\$43.1)	(8.3%)
8 – Regulatory	\$367.8	\$287.3	(\$80.5)	(21.9%)
10 – Legislature	\$408.1	\$410.2	\$2.1	0.5%
TOTAL, ALL ARTICLES (In Millions)	\$114,947.8	\$119,753.9	\$4,806.1	4.2%

## **Major Funding Items**

#### PUBLIC EDUCATION

- Recommended funding for the Foundation School Program fully funds current law and includes projected student enrollment growth and state funding related to property tax compression.
- Recommendations for the Teacher Retirement System (TRS) include an increased state contribution rate, from 7.5% in 2020–21 to 7.75% in FY 2022 and 8.0% in FY 2023.

#### **HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES**

All Funds decrease of \$3.8 billion primarily related to COVID-related federal fund expenses in 2020–21 (\$1.8 billion), \$0.6 billion in 2020–21 new construction and repair/renovation projects, as well as projected decreases in Medicaid and CHIP client services (\$1.3 billion).

#### **TRANSPORTATION**

• All Funds decrease of \$2.5 billion, primarily related to an estimated \$2.4 billion decrease in 2020–21 federal reimbursements for highway planning, right-of-way, construction and maintenance.

#### HIGHER EDUCATION

• Higher Education formula General Revenue appropriations for the 2022–23 biennium were maintained at the 2020–21 appropriated levels.

#### **ADULT CORRECTIONS**

 Recommended funding maintains correctional security operations, with a decrease totaling \$148 million, primarily related to recent facility closures and 2020–21 repair/renovation projects.

## **Constitutional Limitations**

2022–23 Remaining General Revenue Spending Authority (In Billions)		
Pay-as-you-go Limit Texas Constitution, Article III, Section 49a	(\$7.3)	
Spending Limit Texas Constitution, Article VIII, Section 22	\$3.2	

These amounts compare the House Recommendations with the Comptroller's Biennial Revenue Estimate and do not fully account for revisions that will occur due to supplemental appropriations, 5% agency reductions, and/or the use of federal funds.

## **Economic Stabilization Fund**

- The 2022-23 ending balance of the Economic Stabilization Fund (ESF) is estimated by the Comptroller to be \$11.6 billion, as reflected in the Biennial Revenue Estimate. The ending balance consists of the cash balance plus the total asset value of investments.
- No appropriations from the ESF are included in the LBB Recommendations.

### **State Debt**

- According to the Bond Review Board (BRB), as of August 31, 2020, state and local debt totaled \$314.2 billion, of which local debt comprised \$251.8 billion, or 80.1 percent; the remaining \$62.4 billion is state debt outstanding including revenue conduit issuances.
- The BRB calculates two debt ratios to monitor state debt in relation to the constitutional debt limit:
- (1) Debt service on outstanding (issued) debt as a percentage of unrestricted General Revenue (UGR) Funds. At the end of fiscal year 2020, the BRB reported that issued debt was 1.23 percent. This reflects a 0.05 percentage point decrease from fiscal year 2019.
- (2) Debt service on outstanding debt and estimated debt service for authorized but unissued debt as a percentage of UGR Funds. At the end of fiscal year 2020, the issued and authorized but unissued debt was 2.67 percent. This reflects a 0.60 percentage point increase from fiscal year 2019.
- Recommended funding for the 2022–23 biennium fully funds debt service and totals \$4.3 billion in All Funds. This amount is an increase of \$18.9 million from the 2020–21 biennium.

# **Federal Coronavirus Funding**

Estimated federal funding to Texas by federal action, as of 2/12/21. Does not include direct allocations to local governments.

<ul> <li>CPRSA Act, signed 3/6/20</li> </ul>	\$79.6 million
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<ul> <li>FFCR Act, signed 3/18/20</li> </ul>	\$179.4 million
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<ul> <li>CARES Act, signed 3/17/20</li> </ul>	\$14.6 billion
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<ul> <li>Presidential Directive – Lost Wage Assistance</li> </ul>	\$1.9 billion
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<ul> <li>CRRSA Act, signed 12/27/20</li> </ul>	\$7.6 billion
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### Total Identified Funding to date: \$24.8 billion

Please refer to separate handout for further detail.

## LBB Staff

- Support committee deliberations
- Provide budget and program analysis
- Assist the committee with state fiscal analysis

### Publications include:

Appropriations Bills	Strategic Fiscal Reviews
Bill Summaries (Summary of LBE)	Criminal Justice – projections/reports
Legislative Budget Estimates – Strategy	Infographics and Issue Briefs
Legislative Budget Estimates – Program	Interactive Graphics
Fiscal Size-up, 2020–21 Biennium	School Performance Reviews



### **Contact the LBB**

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